

## ProtoADME

ProtoADME is a computational (*in silico*) tool focused on the prediction of endpoints related with the ADME (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion) of chemical substances.

## Endpoint

### Toxicokinetic: CYP450 1A2 substrate.

The microsomal cytochrome P450 (CYP) family 4 monooxygenases are the major fatty acid omega-hydroxylases. These enzymes remove excess free fatty acids to prevent lipotoxicity, catabolize leukotrienes and prostanoids, and also produce bioactive metabolites from arachidonic acid omega-hydroxylation. In addition to endogenous substrates, recent evidence indicates that CYP4 monooxygenases can also metabolize xenobiotics, including therapeutic drugs. If a compound is a CYP substrate means that the compound will be subjected to metabolic clearance.

## Metrics

### Training set

Experimental values	QSAR predictions	
	Non-substrate	Substrate
Non-substrate	1058	228
Substrate	21	284

### Validation set

Experimental values	QSAR predictions	
	Non-substrate	Substrate
Non-substrate	130	47
Substrate	6	32

Parameters	Training	Validation
Accuracy	0.84	0.75
Sensitivity / recall	0.93	0.84
Specificity	0.82	0.73
Precision	0.55	0.41
Negative predictive value	0.98	0.96
F-score	0.70	0.55
Matthews Correlation Coefficient	0.64	0.46
Critical Success Index	0.53	0.38
Area under the ROC	0.88	0.79

ProtoADME is part of



ProtoPRED platform allows the easy, fast and user-friendly prediction of different properties of chemical compounds, using proprietary (Q)SAR models.

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